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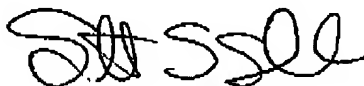
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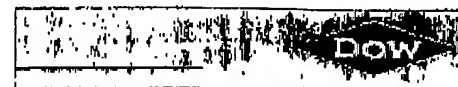
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What is STYROFOAM?

Invented by Dow more than 50 years ago and identified worldwide by the distinctive Blue** color, STYROFOAM* products are the most widely recognized brand in insulation today. In the early 1900s, The Dow Chemical Company invented a process for extruding polystyrene to achieve a closed cell foam that resists moisture. Recognizing its superior insulating properties, buoyancy and "unsinkability," it was originally adopted in 1942 by the Coast Guard for use in a six-man life raft. That was the start of many other wartime applications by the Coast Guard and Navy.

Today, the Dow STYROFOAM brand includes a variety of building materials (including insulated sheathing and housewrap), pipe insulation and floral and craft products. But there isn't a coffee cup, cooler or packaging material in the world made from STYROFOAM.

These common disposable items are typically white in color and are made of expanded polystyrene beads. They do not provide the insulating value, compressive strength or moisture resistance properties of STYROFOAM products. In order to protect the Dow trademarked name "STYROFOAM", such other material should be referred to by the generic term "foam."

*Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company

**The color Blue is a Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company



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Webster's
Collegiate[®]
Dictionary**
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AN ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA COMPANY

to move or act in a halting or spasmodic manner (the old jockey bucks and ~ up) — William Clark) ~ vt : to say, speak, or sound with or as if with a stutter — stutter-er /v-tər-ər/ n
stutterer n (ca. 1847) 1 : an act or instance of stuttering 2 : a speech disorder involving stuttering accompanied by fear and anxiety
sty /sti/, m/ stīlēs also styēs [ME, fr. OE *stȳ*: akin to ON *ste* 'sty' (bef. 12c)] 1 : a pen or enclosed housing for swine 2 : an unkempt filthy place (this house is a ~)
sty vō stēd or styed; styling vt (bef. 12c) : to lodge or keep in a sty ~ vt : to live in a sty
~ or styē /sti/, m/ stīlēs or styēs [short for obs. E *styian*, fr. (assumed) ME, alter. of OE *stegian*, fr. *stegan* to go up, rise — more at STAIR] (bef. 17) : an inflamed swelling of a sebaceous gland at the margin of an eyelid
styl-glan /sti-(ġ-)glən/ adj. often cap [L *stigium*, fr. Gk *stygius*, fr. Sog.-Spor Styx] (1566) 1 : of or relating to the river Styx 2 : extremely dark, gloomy, or forbidding
styl- or styl- or stylor comb form [L *stilus* spike, stem — more STYLE] : style ; styloid process (*stylopodium*) (*stylography*)
stylar /sti-lər-, -lār/ adj [style] (ca. 1928) : of or relating to the style of a plant ovary
style /sti-(g)/ [M SP, *stile*, *style*, fr. L *stilus* spike, stem, *stylus*, style of writing; perh. akin to L *instrigare* to goad — more at STICK] (14c) 1 : DESIGNATION, TITLE 2 m : a distinctive manner of expression (as in literary speech) (works with more attention to ~ than to content) (the floweriness of 18th-century prose) (the formal ~ of the court) (custom of behaving or conducting oneself) (a distinctive manner) (his ~ is abrasive); also : a particular mode of living (in high ~) e : a particular manner or technique by which something is done, created, or performed (a unique ~ of horsemanship riding) (the classical ~ of dance) 3 a : STYLUS b : ONOMONIM c : a filiform prolongation of a plant ovary bearing a stigma at its apex — see FLOWER illustration d : a slender elongated process (as a bristle) on an animal 4 : a distinctive quality, form, or type of something (a new dress ~) (the Greek ~ of architecture) 5 a : the state of being popular : FASHION (clothes that are always in ~) b : fashionable elegance c : beauty, grace, or ease of manner or technique (an awkward manner she handled with ~) 6 : a convention with respect to spelling, punctuation, capitalization, and typographic arrangement and display followed in writing or printing SYN SEE FASHION — styleless /sti-(g)-lēss/ adj — stylelessness n
style w styled; styling (ca. 1580) 1 : to call or designate by an identifying term : NAME 2 a : to give a particular style to b : to design, make, or arrange in accord with the prevailing mode — styler n
style's adj or adv comb form : being in the style of (a Beaujolais-style wine)
style-book n (1708) : a book explaining, describing, or illustrating a prevailing accepted, or authorized style
style-let /sti-'let-, -lēt-/ n [F, fr. MF *stiletto*, fr. OIt *stiletto* — more at STILETTO] (1697) 1 a : a slender surgical probe b : a thin wire inserted into a catheter to maintain rigidity or into a hollow needle to maintain patency c : a pointed instrument (as for graving) 2 : a relatively rigid elongated organ or appendage (as a piercing mouthpart) of an animal 3 : STILETTO
style-form /sti-'fɔrm-/ adj [NL *stiliformis*, fr. L *stilus* + *-formis* -form] (1578) : resembling a style ; bristle-shaped (a ~ copulatory organ)
styling /sti-'liŋ/ n (1928) : the way in which something is styled
stylized /sti-'laɪzəd/ adj of STYLE
stylize /sti-'laɪz/ vt (1885) : having style; specif : conforming to current fashion (stylized dress) — stylizability n
stylizer /sti-'laɪ-zər/ n (1795) 1 : a name or model of style; esp : a writer or speaker who is eloquent in matters of style 2 : one (as a writer or singer) noted for a distinctive style 2 a : one who develops, designs, or advises on styles b : HAIRSTYLIST
style-the /sti-'liθ-i-kəl/ adj (1800) : of or relating esp. to literary or artistic style — style-the-ically /ti-'ki-kə-li/ adv
style-the-ics /sti-'liθ-i-kəl/ n pl *stīl* sing or pl in common (ca. 1883) 1 : an aspect of literary study that emphasizes the analysis of various elements of style (as metaphor and diction) 2 : the study of the devices in a language used to produce expressive value
styletite /sti-'liθ-/ n [Gk *stylos*, fr. Gk *stylos* pillar — more at STRECK] (ca. 1638) : a Christian ascetic living atop a pillar — styletite /sti-'liθ-ik/ adj
styletze /sti-'liθ-, -liθ-/ n stylized; styletze-ing (1598) : to conform to a conventional style; specif : to represent or design according to a style or stylistic pattern rather than according to nature or tradition — styletze-ation /sti-'liθ-ə-'zi-shən/ n
ty-lo-bate /ti-'lə-bāt-, -bāt-/ n [L *xylobates*, fr. Gk, *xylobatēs*, fr. *stylos* pillar + *bainein* to walk, go — more at COWB] (1694) : a continuous flat coping or pavement supporting a row of architectural columns
ty-logra-phy /ti-'lɒ-grə-fē/ n (ca. 1840) : a mode of writing or tracing letters by means of a style or similar instrument
ty-lo-id /ti-'liθ-, -lɒθ-/ adj (1709) : resembling a style : STYLIFORM — used esp. of a diarthrodial jointed skeletal processes (as on the ulna)
ty-lo-po-di-al /ti-'lə-pō-dē-əl/ n, pl *ty-lō-pō-dē-sā* [NL, fr. *tylos* + Gk *podos* small foot, base — more at PAVIL] (ca. 1832) : a disk-shaped or conical expansion at the base of the style in plants of the carrot family
ty-lus /ti-'liθ-, -liθ-/ n, pl *ty-lī* /ti-'liθ-(ē)-lī/ also *sty-lus* /sti-'liθ-/ [L, *stylus*, *stylus* spike, *stylus* — more at STYLE] (1807) : an instrument (for writing, marking, or incising) as : a : an instrument used by the ancients in writing on clay or waxed tablets b : a hard-pointed pen-shaped instrument for marking on stenils used in a reproducing machine c (1) : NEEDLE 3c (2) : a cutting tool used to produce an original record groove during disc recording d : a pen-shaped pointing device used for entering positional information (as from a graphics tablet) onto a computer
ty-male /ti-'māl-/ w sty-maled; sty-male-ing [Sc *stirnle*, *stirnle* to obstruct a golf shot by interception of the opponent's ball] (1902) : to present an obstacle to : stand in the way of
ty-pe-dic /ti-'pi-dē-ik/ adj [ME *typidic*, fr. L *typticus*, fr. Gk *typtikos*, fr. *typhnainai* to contract] (14c) : tending to contract or bind : ASTRINGENT; esp : tending to check bleeding — typtic n

[illegible]

sub-acid ˌsʌb-ə-ˈsɪd-ədi [L. *subacidus*, fr. *sub-* + *acidus* acid (1890)]
 ~ somewhat acidish; ~ CUTTING (no comments) — sub-acidly
 sub-acidic ˌsʌb-ə-ˈsɪd-ɪk (1822) 1: having a tapered but not sharp
 pointed form (~ leaves) 2: a falling between acute and chronic in
 character esp. when closer to acute (~ endocarditis) 3: less marked
 in severity or duration than a corresponding acute state (~ pain)
 sub-acutely ˌsʌb-ə-ˈsɪd-ɪ-ədi
 subacute ˌsʌb-ə-ˈkju:t-ədi pan-en-cēph-al-itis ˌpæn-ən-sē-fo-Br-ən ˌpæn-
 en-sē-fo-Br-ən ˌpæn-ən-sē-fo-Br-ən ˌpæn-ən-sē-fo-Br-ən (1900) a central nervous
 system disease characterized by inflammation and group A streptococcal
 infection of the brain by measles virus or a closely related virus and marked by necro-
 tical degeneration, convulsions, and paralysis